Miller & Rhoads

First Showing of Corsets for Spring, 1910



fashion convey the impression of unbroken lines. The new corsets accent this effect by not exaggerating the natural curves of the hips and waist. They slightly de-fine the "walst line" and reduce the hips and abdomen so that the figure is given the appearance of natural slimness.

A full line of R. & G., C. B., P. N., Thomson's Grand Duchesse, W. B. and our own specials, Fasso, Redfern, La Vida and Me-

A 67 R. & G., of batiste, medium high bust, straight strip, straight skirt, dou-ble hose supporters, sizes 18 \$1.00

B 67 R. & G., made of batiste, straight strip, high bust, for the average figure slight curve to waist, medium hip, double hose supporters, sizes 18 \$1.50

of Appeals on Saturday

or Monday.

for the February term that no argu-

ments will be held in future on either

Monday or Saturday. Judge Goff ex-

plains that this change in the old

order of things will allow the out-of-

day, and will not necessitate Sunday

travel. The effect of eliminating Sat

appearing here on Friday time to reach home for the week-end.

There are twenty-four cases on the

be ready later in the week. There a few cases of local interest pending.

NEW CHARTERS ISSUED

GAVE NO DAMAGES

Jury in Sutton Case Finds for Street Car

Company.

Verdict and judgment for the defendant were entered yesterday in the Law and Equity, Court in the case of Lula Sutton against Henry T. Wickham and William Northrop, receivers of the Richmond Traction Company. On May 8, 1969, Miss Sutton, a teacher in one of the Richmond public schools, boarded an Oakwood and Broad Street ear on Church Hill, At Fifth and Broad Streets she rang, the bell to alight, and alleges that the car started as she was ateppling from the running board to the ground. A large number of witnesses were examined, the jury's verdict being that she was not entitled to recover damages. The action was for \$1,660.

LULL IN MARRIAGES

having cases in the call

MANY TO RESIST GIVES LAWYERS NEW EXCISE TAX SUNDAY AT HOME

Collector of Revenue Notified by No Arguments in Circuit Court Corporations That They Will Contest Law.

CALL IT UNCONSTITUTIONAL

Statute Requires Payment of Per Cent. on All Net Incomes Over \$5,000.

Richmond have notified Collector of Lowry, of the Second Colleccontest, if necessary, the enforcement and collection of the special excise

Collector Lowry has about finished the preparatory work for the collection of the tax, and under instructions from the department in Washington, unless notified otherwise, will make reports of his collections by March I. All corporations in the district, as elsewhere in the country, are required to pay a tax of 1 per cent, on their net incomes over \$5,000 per annum.

The attacking of any portion of a revenue law, however, usually has the effect of holding up its enforcement pending a decision by the courts on the point of law involved. Mr. Lowry sald yesterday that he had received no efficial notification to held up the work, and until this is received he will project as required by the statutes.

Two Months to Report.

The returns by the corporations are to be reade for adding Decision of the point.

Two Months to Report.

The returns by the corporations are to be made for the period ending December 31, 1909, but they have been given two mouths in which to report, It is understood that the constitutionality of the law has been attacked in various sections of the country, and, if this be true, it will be unnecessary for the firms in this district to take any action.

The law does not apply to labor, assicultural and horticultural organizations, or to fraternal, beneficiary societies, orders or associations organized and operated exclusive benefit of members, nor to any corporation organized and operated exclusive benefit of members, nor to any corporation organized and operated exclusive benefit of religious, charitable or edu-

ration organized and operated exclusively for religious, charitable or educational purposes.

The failure of any corporation to comply with the requirements of the law is punishable by a heavy penalty, and the Commissioner of Revenue, if he has reason to believe fraudulent or incorrect statements have been made, may require such additional information as he may deem necessary. One section of the law prescribes a penalty on any collector, deputy colpenalty on any collector, deputy col-lector, agent, clerk or other employed who makes known any information secured in the performance of his offi-cial duty.

STRENGTH

Without Overloading the Stomach.

the stomach, but give mental vigor for the

day.

Much depends on the start a man gets cach day as to how he may expect to accomplish the work on hand.

He can't be alert with a heavy friedmeat and potatoes breakfast, requiring a lot of vital energy in digesting it.

A Calif. business man tried to find some force combination that would not overfood combination that would not over-load the stomach in the morning, but that would produce energy.

For years I was unable to find a breakfast food that had nutrition enough to sustain a business man without overload-ing his stomach, causing indigestion and kindred ailments.

Only One License Has Been Granted In Richmond Since Last Thursday. Clerk Christian, of the Hustings Court, can give ne reason for a slump in marriages in Richmond, Only one license has been grated since last Thursday. This was issued Saturday. Neither Friday—the bad with the standard of the Richmond, Neither Friday—the bad with day—nor Monday are considered the big days" for licenses, but it is seldom, even on the 18th of any month, that not a single couple makes application. The effect of the temporary juil has been to give Deputy Breeden a chance to catch up on some of his work, which generally gets a little behind when his hours are spent in expounding and transcribing the various questions and answers required by law when persons seek union.

HOWARD LITTLE APPEALS TO COURT

Application for Writ of Error Filed in Behalf of Southwest Murderer.

BRINGING PRISONER HERE

Special Guard Sent to Roanoke From State Penitentiary.

Application for a writ of error was made to the Supreme Court of Appeals of Virginia yesterday in the case of Howard C, Little, who is unde sentence of death from Buchanar county, for murder and arson. Unless a new trial is granted him, Little will die on February 11. The pris oner has been in the Roanoke jai since his trial, and will be brought to the penitentiary to-day, where a cell has been prepared for him in the row provided for those awaiting ex-

ecution.

B. T. Wilson, of Lebanon, Russell B. T. Wilson, of Lebanon, Russell county, attorney for Little, presented the record to the court, and is confident that his client will be given a new trial. There are several assignments of error included in the petition, the chief of which is that the accused was entitled to a change of venue, which was asked for and denied.

Guarded Prisoner at Trial. Guarded Prisoner at Trial.
Under the statute, if the judge of the trial court makes a request of the Governor for military protection, this is considered sufficient to show that the prisoner cannot get justice in the community whore the crime was committed.

mitted.

Military protection was not asked for Little; but Mr. Wilson claims that a special guard was summoned from the county, which was constantly at the courthouse during the proceedings.

the courthouse during the processings.

Mr. Wilson also emphasizes the bitterness in the community toward the prisoner, and includes many details of happenings to substantiate his plea. While Little was in jail in Russell county, where he was removed after the arrest, a mob went fifty miles from Buchanan county, for the purpose, it is said, of taking the law in its own hands.

The crime was committed on Septander of the crime was committed on Septander of the main assets of that court. Out in Denver assets of that court. States Circuit Court of Appeals, has

is said, of taking the law in its own hands.

The crime was committed on September 2. The home of a Mrs. Justice was burned, and she and George Meadows, his wife and three children, perished in the flames. The law provides that felons condemned to die shall be brought to the penitentiary not less than fifteen days, nor more than thirty days, before the day of execution. Little, unless he is allowed a new trial, will be executed fifteen days from Thursday, which is the day the Supreme Court is expected to render its decision. While this is the main reason for the change, it is said that the judges will have Saturday and Monday in which to hold conferences, and to con-sider cases argued on other days. The

Supreme Court is expected to render its decision. The special guard, which will escort the condemned man from Roanoke to this city, left here yesterday morning.

BUILDING PERMITS

February term of court opens next Tuesday, and will be the first session held in the temporary quarters. Juc cs Goff, Pritchard, Dayton and Boyd have been designated to pre-Rows of New Houses for Stuart and Floyd
Avenues.
Building and repair permits were issued
yesterday as follows.
Trustees Fourth Baptist Church (colored).
Rev. E. Payne, paston, to repair brick
church, north side of P Street between
Twenty-eighti, and Twenty-ninth Streets.
creeting brick addition, to cost \$1,000.
J. S. Moore, to repair a brick dwelling.
200 East Broad Street, to cost \$133.
Edward F. Johnson, to creet a two-story
detached frame dwelling, 1207 Boverly Street,
to cost \$1,45. argument calendar, and opinions, many of which are expected to be handed down, are pending in thirty-four cases. It will take more than a month to complete the business. The docket has not been printed, but will

Sib.09; minimum, M.000. Objects: indraware business.

A license to do business in the State of Virginia was issued to Virginia Smelters Warchouse Company, a corporation organized under the laws of Maine, a written power of attorney having been filed appointing William I. Williams, of Norfolk, statutory agent, Maximum capital authorized by charter, \$50,000 Objects and purposes; Smelters warehouse.

JANUARY SMTWTFS

1818 FPRICES PRICES FPRICES PRICES 18 1 1 188 1 17 188

One Busy Dollar

can almost do the work of two this month.

Put your dollar to work NOW and HERE. We're holding the most notable dollar-collaring sale in our history.

Famous Juvenile Judge MAJOR HEMPHILL



Man Who Made Washington Juvenile Court Famous to Explain Its Work.

Explain its Work.

Announcement was made yesterday that Judge W. H. DeLacy, of Washington, who has mide a national reputation second only to that of Judge Lindsay, of Denver, in dealing with youthly ful prisoners, would deliver an address before the Juvenile Protective Society of Virginia in the hall of the House of Delegates on Thursday night. The movement under way here in behalf of this society has met with the most cordial support, the need of such a court having been explained to the satisfaction of all right-thinking people. Judge DeLacy, however, will show what the system has done elsewhere, how it has helped wayward boys, how it has redeemed them without the shame of being sent to jail to associate

Kindness has been one of the main assets of that court. Out in Denver Judge Lindsay's work made him the most popular man in the city, which was proved by his recent election against overwhelming odds, and in Washington Judge DeLacy has made a name for himself equally as good.

While the address is to be delivered to the Juvenile Protective Society of to the Juvenile Protective Society of

to the Juvenile Protective Society of Virginia, its officers are particularly anxious that persons interested in the work, and especially members of the General Assembly attend. An open invitation, therefore, is extended to all. Judge DeLacy spoke in Richmond during the meeting of the National Conference of Charities and Correction two years ago, his address being one of the features of the long convention.

STABLES INSPECTED

Company C Gives Smoker.
Company C, of the First Battalion,
First Regiment, gave a smoker last
night in the armory at Seventh and
Marshall Streets. Speeches were made
by Edwin P. Cox and James H. Drako,
Jr., both of whom urged the members
to build up the organization to its required standard of fifty-eight men to
the company.
Company F will give an entertainment to-night.

Cartin Watching Fences.
Congressman C. C. Carlin, of the Eighth Virginia District, came to Richmond last evening. Mr. Carlin wanted to see what the people of his section have been doing in Richmond. He has heard that conferences have been held here which have for their object the landing of somebody else in his congressional chair.

DR. SHAW TO-NIGHT

Address at Jefferson Auditorium on Subject of Woman's ... Suffrage,

An infermal reception will be held in the Jefferson Hotel auditorium after the lecture to be given by Dr. Anna Howard Shaw on "Woman's Surfrage: Its Relation to the Home and State," Age, women and members of the General Assembly of Virginia present will have an opportunity of meeting Dr. Shaw and talking with her. The lecture is free, and it is hoped that a large audience will attend.

Dr. Shaw sustain a business man without straining in his stomach, causing indigestion and kindred ailments.

"Being a very busy and also a very nervous man, I decided to give up break fast altogether. But luckily I was induced to try Grape-Nuts.

"Since that morning I have been a new man; can work without tiring, my head is clear and my nerves strong and quiet. Find four teaspoonfuls of Grape-Nuts, with one of sugar and a small quantity of cold milk, make a delicious morning meal, which invigorates me for the day's business."

Read the little book. "The Road to Weliville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time, They are genuine, true and full of human and full of human and the continued until 10-day.

Next case to be called: Chesapeake and Ohlo Rallway Company vs. Melton, peing No, 18 on argument dogket.

Sometham or morning I have been a new function of the part of the persons seek union.

Supreme Court of Appeals.

Supreme Court o

Mr. Bryan Gives Dinner at Westmoreland to New Editor of Times-Dispatch.

MOVES HERE IN FEBRUARY

Governor Swanson Commends Policy of This Newspaper for Its Great Work in Virginia.

Major James C. Hemphill, editor of the Charleston News and Courier, who will move to Richmond late in February to accept the editorship of The Times-Dispatch, was entertained at dinner at the Westmoreiand Club hast night by John Stewart Bryan. Major Hemphill is on his way to New York. During the evening a number of unusually good speeches were made. Mr. Bryan, who presided, introduced Major Hemphill, both of whom spoke briefly. Governor Swanson, President Edwin A. Alderman, of the University of Virginia; Speaker Richard Evelyn Byd, of the House of Delegates, and William H. White, president of the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Raliroad, were especially emphatic in calling attention to the power and influence of a high-class newspaper.

Commended by Governor.
Governor Swanson commended the policy and attitude of The Times-Dispatch, declaring that it stood for the upbuilding of the State, for education, the advancement of public health, good roads and all measures which would benefit the people as a whole. He said that what he knew of Major Hemphill; work in the South satisfied him that he was the right kind of a man to continue such a commendable policy.

Among those at the dinner were Mr. Bryan. Major Hemphill, Governor Swanson, Dr. Edwin A. Alderman, Lieute ienant-Governor Ellyson, J. St. George Bryan. Speaker Richard Evelyn Byrd, Colonel Archer Anderson, Judge James Keith, Allen Potts, Mayor D. C. Richmond was prohibited from enforcing an ordinance requiring the Westlern Union Telegraph Company to place its wires underground. City Attorney Pollard accepted service yesternation, Judge John H. Ingram, Edmund Pendleton, Judge S. B. Witt, William H. White, Judge R. R. Prentis, Alland Caperton Braxton, Armistead C. Gordon and W. Brydon Tennant.

SENATOR MARTIN HERE he Charleston News and Courier, who

SENATOR MARTIN HERE

A Sacrifice of the Best

Means that we are selling our

Finest Suits and Overcoats At One Third Off the Original Prices

All sizes—all styles.

Gans-Rady Company

WESTERN UNION DURHAM WILL GETS AN APPEAL ANSWER CHARGE

City Attorney Pollard Must Writes to Times-Dispatch That

Cierk Joseph P. Brady, of the United States Circuit Court, prepared and forwarded a transcript of record to the Supreme Court yesterday. The documents are voluminous, and cover every step taken in the case since the Western Union first excepted to the enforcement of the ordinance. The company, by its attorney, has given bond in the sum of \$1,000, conditioned on its good faith in further proceeding with the litigation.

Sitterding Gets Lexington,

He Will Contest Suit Brought by Miss Perry.

R. T. Durham writes from Nucva Gerons, Isle of Pines, West Indies, to The Times-Dispatch, under date of January 16, that he will shortly return to Richmond and press his suit against Peter Bonini, and to meet and refute certain charges brought by Miss Myrtle H. Perry in a suit filed by her in the City Circuit Court recently.

"Referring to an article in your paper of January 7, 1910, or a recent suit per of January 7, 1910, or a recent suit brought for damages against me by a woman by the name of Perry, beg to say that I will soon return to Richmond, that I will press my suit against Peter Bonini, and that I will meet and refute any charges that may be brought against me by any one, whether growing out of my suit against Bonini or otherwise. I would thank you to give this letter a prominent place in your paper, in justice to myself and for the benefit of the public."

Firemen's Relief Fund.

A meeting of the members of the Firemen's Relief Association will be held to night in the Hustings court-room to receive a report from the special committee on the proposed dissolution of the organization. The association has a fund of about \$50,000, with 181 members entitled to share in the distribution.

Killed in Log Train Accident.
Kinston, N. C., January 24.—John
Adams was killed and three others
more or less injured in a log train accident which occurred this morning

Street Railway Franchises.

BULLETIN No. 7.—The Fare Question.

One of the leading authorities in the United States, in a recent review of the street railway situation for the past year, made the following statement with reference to the movement for increase of fares in Massachusetts, which resulted in raising the fare on certain lines from 5 to 6 cents, with the approval of the State Corporation Commission after hearing:

"A movement which will have profound effect upon the future of street and interurban railways is that which originated in Massachusetts for the adoption of needed increases in rates of fare. While the fixed rate of 5 cents, which was adopted as standard for urban street railways in their early history, was believed to be adequate compensation for the risks involved in the enterprise, it was found in later years that the public demand and progress of the art required improvements which added greatly to the capital cost of properties of this nature. With the substitution in some cases of cable railways for horse car lines, followed by another change when the desirability of electricity as a motive power was made plain, the original investment was increased several fold. The effect of these changes, so far as the public was concerned, may be realized by comparison of the types of cars and equipment with those which modern practice prescribes and recollection of the character of service formerly rendered. From a few main lines, serving only the districts where the most inviting density of traffic prevailed, the companies have increased their investments until, in all large cities to-day, they reach into the outlying suburban districts, where the population and resultant traffic are small. In recognition of public demand, the railways have extended their lines, permitting settlement of outlying territory and decentralization of the population. Arising in part from the necessity of these changes and in part from recognition of the public convenience afforded, the transfer system has come. With the establishment of the transfers, there has been a steady dilution of the average rate of fare per passenger carried, resulting not only from the legitimate tender of transfers, but also from the illegal use and unjustified barter of this privilege which has been granted by the railway companies in many instances where they were not required by franchise conditions. High speed interurban lines hve also found increases in fares necessary to meet the larger expenses arising from greater costs of labor and material, and in some instances the failure of expected traffic to materialize. A general movement toward a rate of fare which shall be based more scientifically than has been the case in the past, upon the cost of operation, with allowances for unforeseen expenditures, is a just course for events to take."

This language is peculiarly appropriate to the situation in Richmond. If the conditions in Massachusetts required an increase in the rates of fare, where the population is dense and the traffic large, do not the same reasons apply with greater force to a community in which the population is comparatively small, with long hauls and less density of traffic?

Virginia Railway and Power Company